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Eletrokinetic Protein Preconcentration Using Nanochannels Formed By Weak Bonding of PDMS Membrane with Glass Substrate

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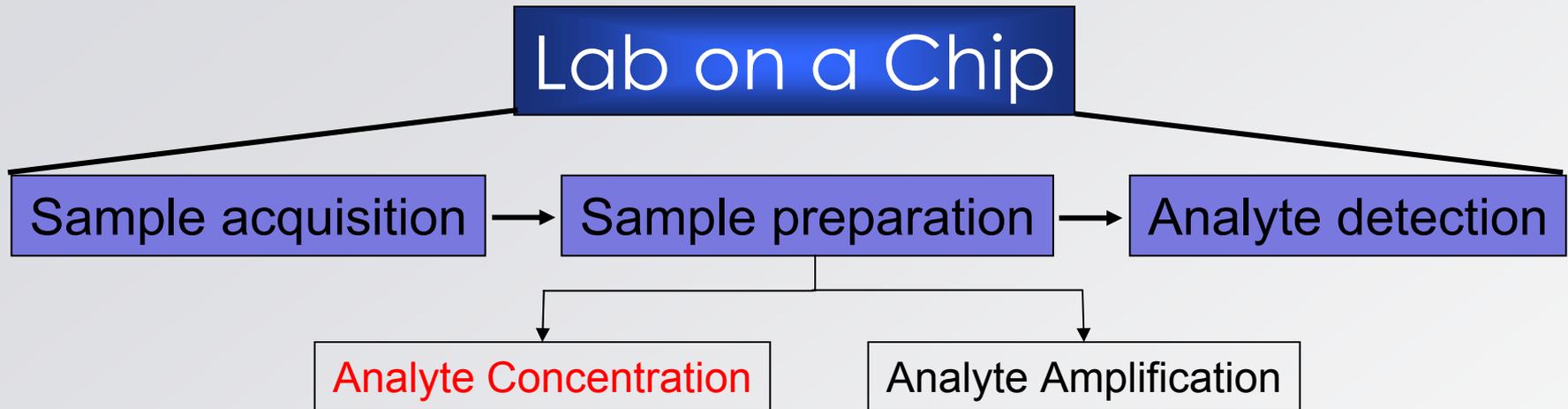
INHA University
Department of Mechanical Engineering



University of Michigan, Ann Arbor
Department of Mechanical Engineering



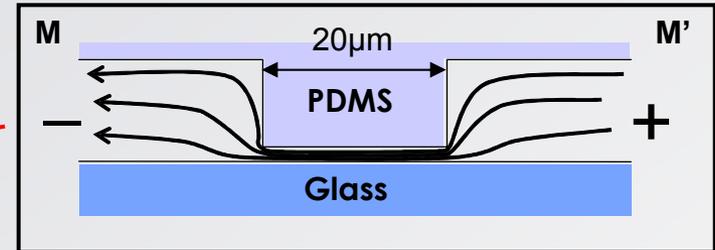
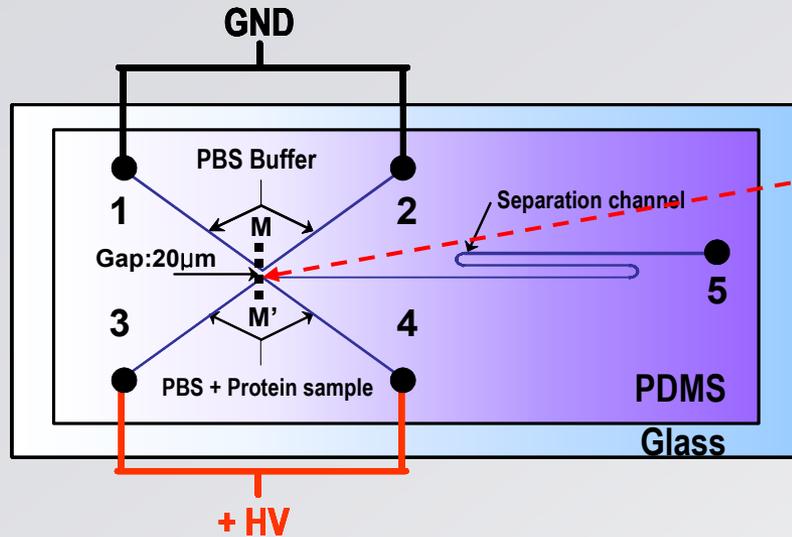
Lab on a chip (Laboratory on a chip)



Why concentrate samples?

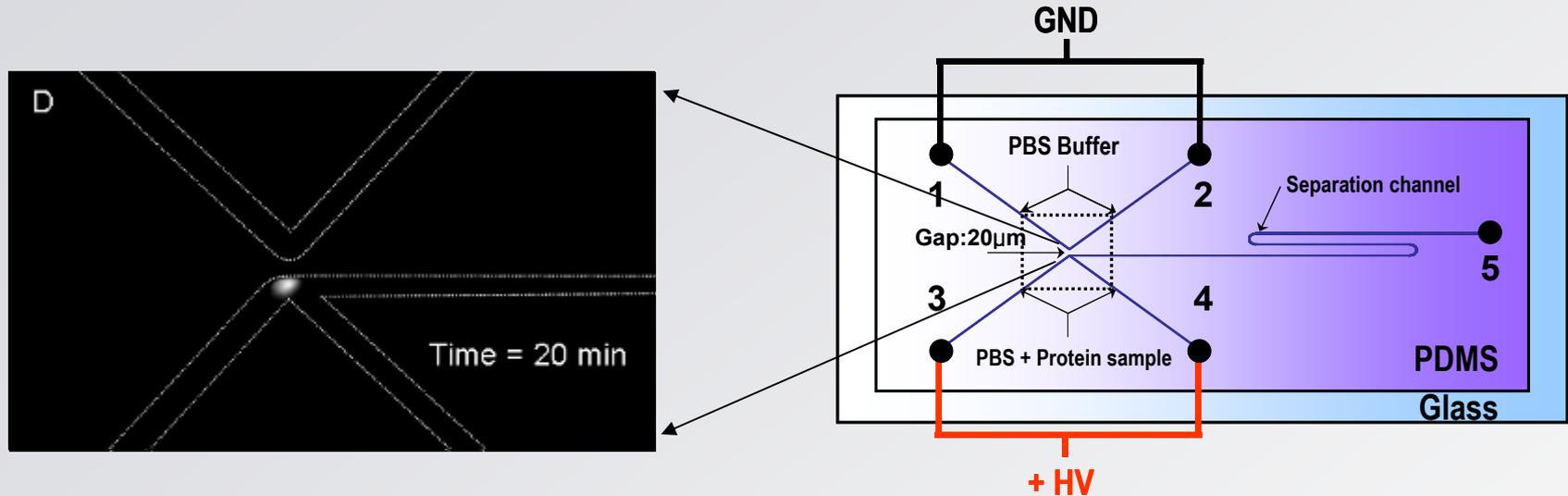
- **Sensitivity:** Concentration in sample often less than detection limits of instruments
- **Waste:** Most samples are > 1 mL in size, but only nanoliters can be analyzed at a time on a microchip

Simple Glass/PDMS Preconcentrator



- Channel dimensions
Chevron channels ($W 40\mu\text{m} \times D 18\mu\text{m}$, $L=16\text{mm}$),
Separation channel ($W 30\mu\text{m} \times D 18\mu\text{m}$, $L=40\text{mm}$)
- Microchannels are created by casting PDMS over a mold (SU-8 on a Si substrate).

Experimental Results

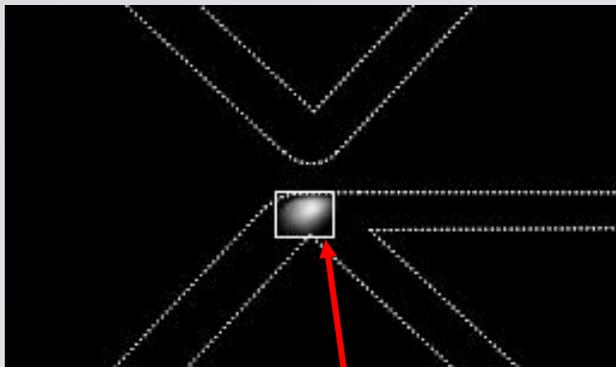


Experimental conditions

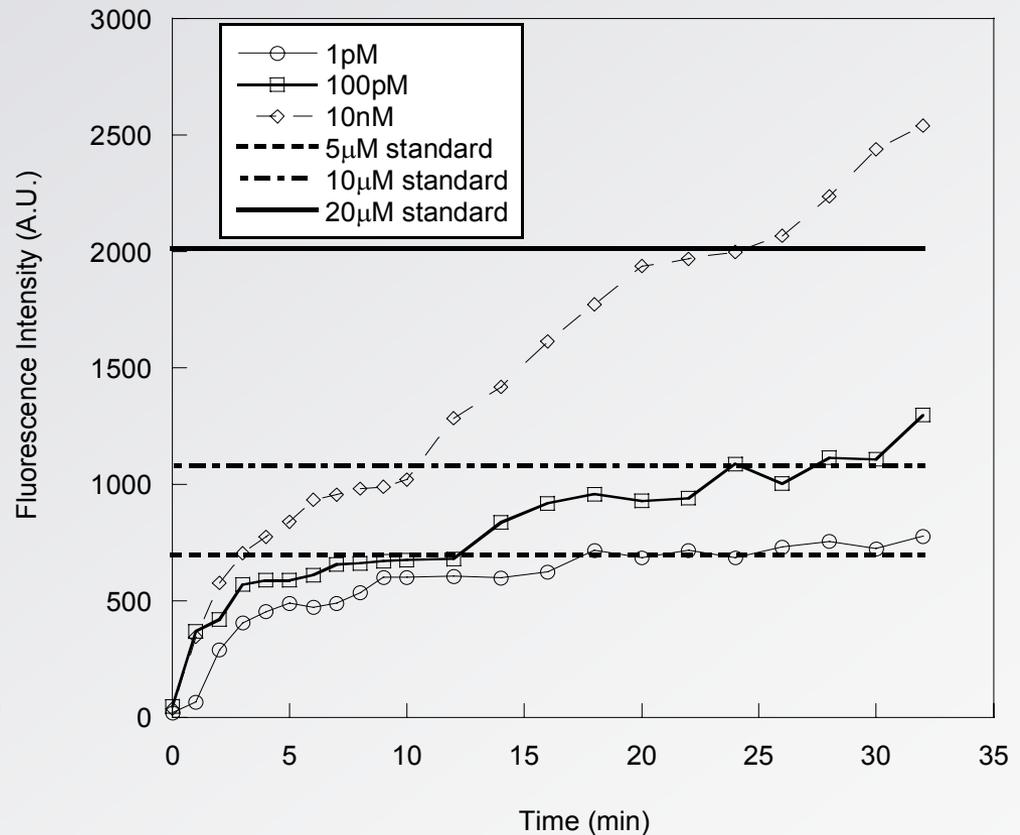
- Protein sample : Fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC) conjugate bovine serum albumin (BSA) and ovalbumin (OVA)
- Buffer : Phosphate-buffered saline buffer (10mM, pH 7.4) and Phosphate buffer (20mM, pH 7.2)
- O₂ plasma treatment of the PDMS (100W, 200mTorr, 3min)
- Applied electric potential: 100, 200, 300V

Experimental Results (cont'd)

Concentration of FITC-BSA in the preconcentration zone

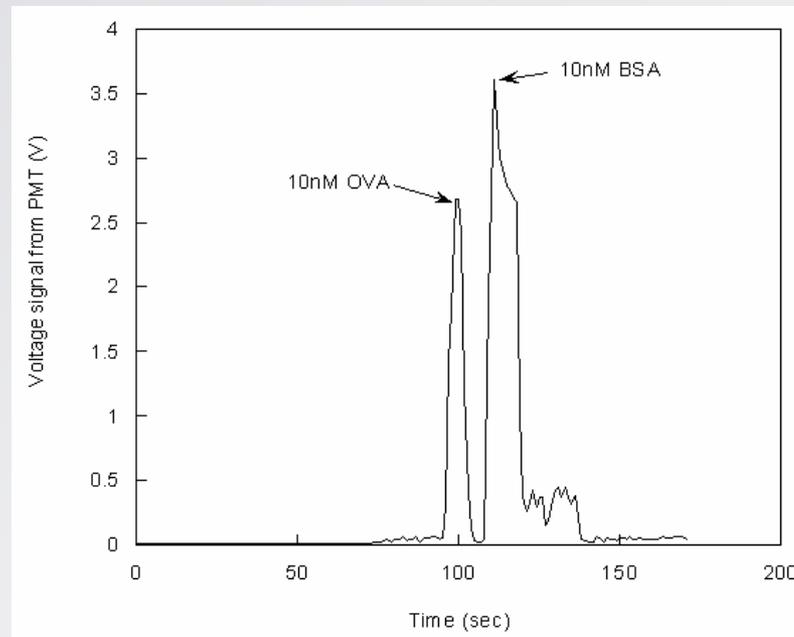
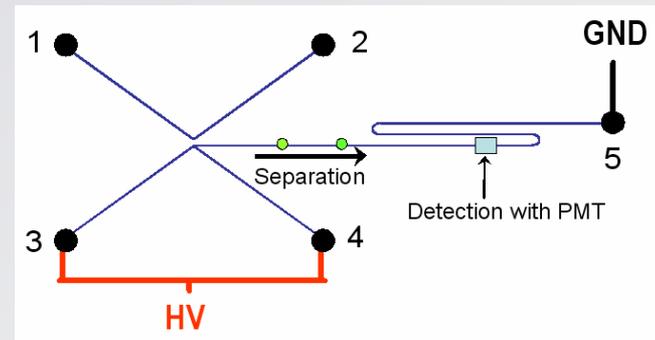
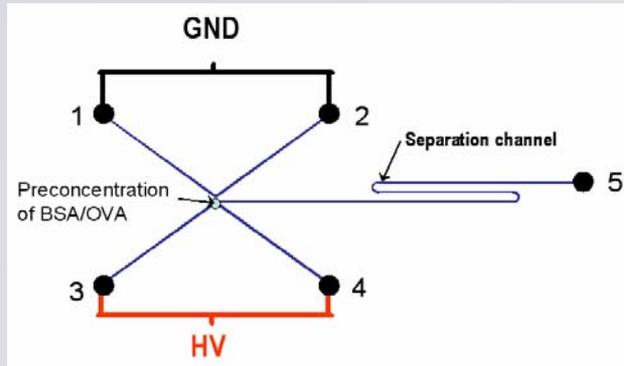


Preconcentration Zone



➔ Concentration achieved up to 10^6 -fold

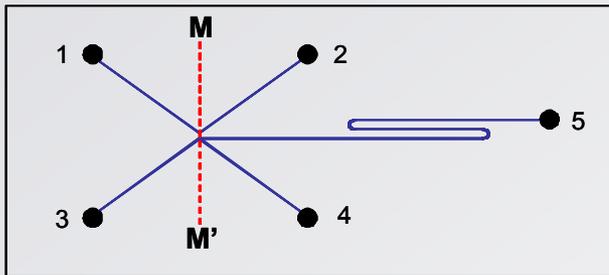
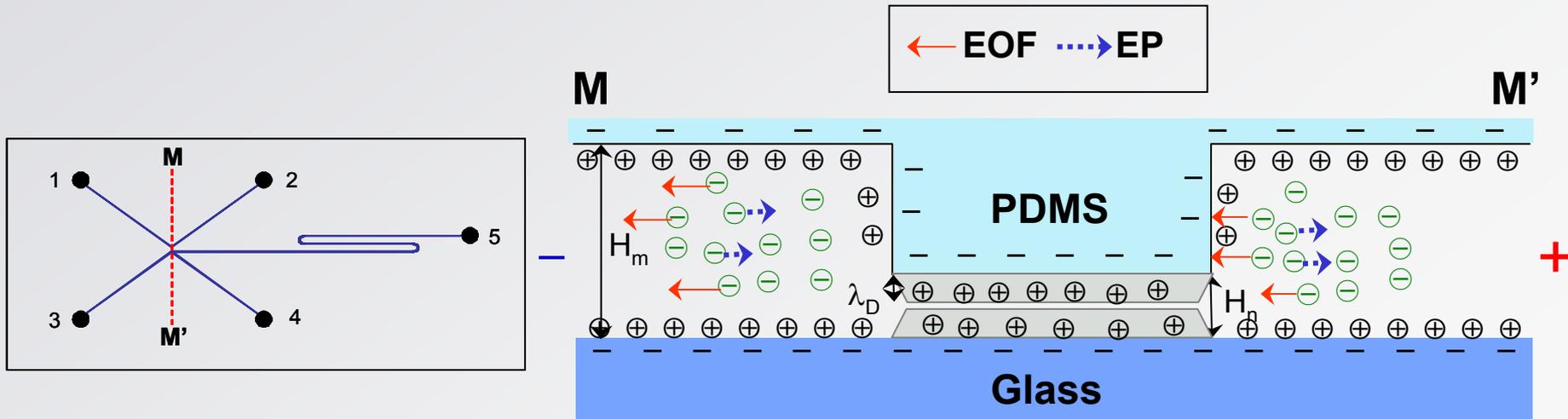
Separation of preconcentrated proteins



Physical Mechanism: Hypothesis and Verifications

“**nanoscale channels**” formed between the PDMS and the glass due to the **weak, reversible bonding**

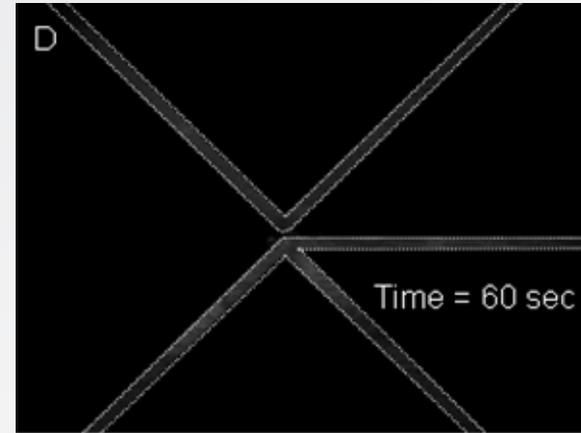
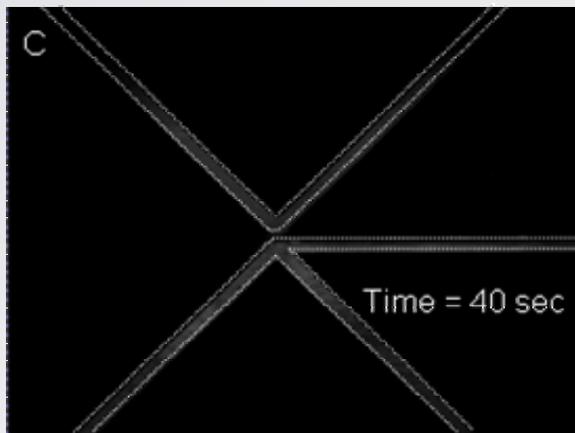
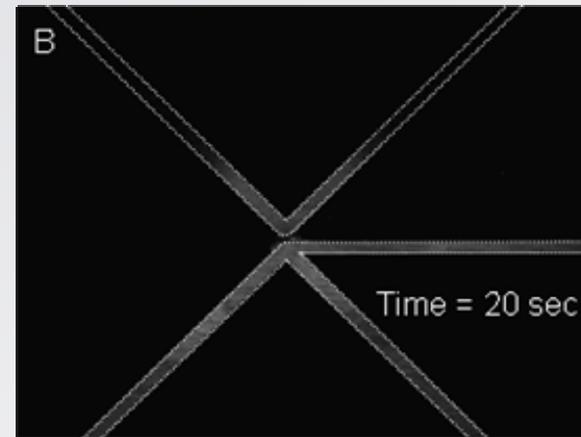
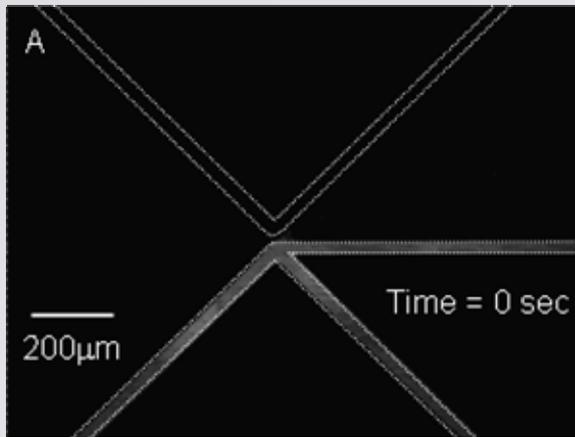
1. No preconcentration occurs in PDMS/PDMS and *irreversibly* bonded PDMS/glass (stronger bond) chips.
2. Nanochannels work as a **cationic selective membrane** due to the ion exclusion-enrichment effect (EEE) caused by electrical double layer (EDL) overlapping.
3. Electroosmotic flow (EOF) dominates over electrophoresis (EP)



Experimental Verifications

Verification of the cationic selectivity of the nanochannel

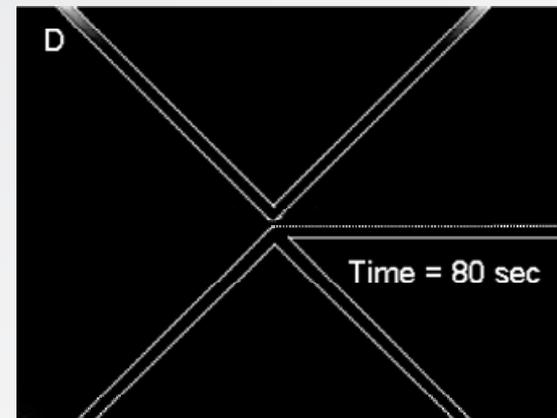
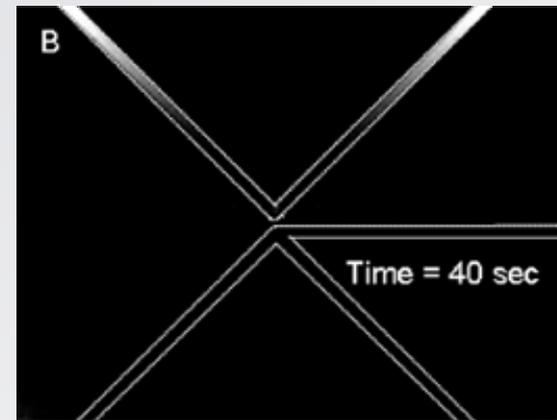
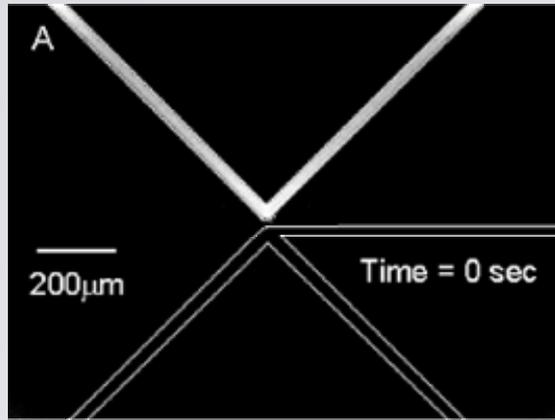
– Sample: 1 μM Rhodamine 123 dye (cationic) in PBS buffer (bottom)



Experimental Verifications (cont'd)

Verification of the dominant electroosmotic flow (EOF)

– Sample: 1 μM FITC-BSA in PBS buffer (Top)



Conclusions

- PDMS / Glass chip for protein preconcentration was designed and fabricated.
- Preconcentration of labeled BSA (FITC BSA) has been achieved up to 10^6 – fold.
- Preconcentrated protein was injected and separated in a separation column.
- “Nanoscale channels” formed between the PDMS and the glass due to the weak, reversible bonding works as a cationic selectivity membrane by ion exclusion-enrichment effect (EEE).